int, leaving the friends of Freedom in the liferent States perfectly free to go for or

THE SLAVE TRADE.

There can be no boubt that the idea of re ving the African slave trade is gaining ground the fact cannot be disguised. Some two months as Minister to Mexico. Also, Charles L. Weland we could quote strong articles from ultra ler was confirmed as Postmaster of San Franthern journals against the traffic; but of cisco, after considerable debate, and J. W. Manhate we have been sorry to observe in the same | deville as Surveyor General of California. journals an ominous silence upon the subject, have trade. It would be the end of progress in ence. emilization, knowledge, and Christianity, and return to a barbarism worse than that of the middle ages. We know that a repeal of the Federal laws against the slave trade is a moral sibility; but what we fear is, that public ion in the South will become so debauched this subject, by the unopposed teachings the advocates of piracy and murder, that an enforcement of the laws will be impracticable. The people of the South should not decieve dies. So sure as there is a God and the slaveholders. The reckless demaand can easily abandon a country which they tion. are endeavoring to rain; but with propertyhanders the case is different. They cannot bette without an abandonment of their estates, their lands, as well as negroes. They should roase up to a sense of their danger before it is to late. The advocates of the nefarious traffic have no hope of repealing the laws. They practicable; but they hope to banish all sense by giving a month's pay, as a gratuity.

Politicians are engaged at Cabinet work. As shame, honor, and conscience, from the Southern mind, and to accomplish practically. clandestinely, what they are unable to do under

This question of a revival of the slave trade mold afford a fine opportunity to the Oppo stion in the South, to show their moral superior to the debased and disorganized Democ-. The slave trade movement is of " Demratie origin. Its friends almost universally the Democratic ticket; and although it met with some feeble opposition in that favor of the traffic is gaining ground.

Here, then, is an issue for the Opposition, if board, on high grounds of morality and humanity they will betray a criminal weakness or complicity in the nefarious scheme, which will atterly strip them of all claim to the support of any party in the free States.

DOUGLAS AGAINST POPULAR SOV

Mississippi delegation at the Cincinnati Con- ment: 11. Resolved, That the National Demoratic party believe in the perfect political

very State have an equal right to emigrate saceably to the Territories, and to take with hem whatever is recognised as property in the a adequate legal protection; that there is no power in Congress or in the Territorial Legisla-tures to exclude from the Territories anything Representative in Congress, (i. e., according to the present ratio, 93,420,) it is the duty of Conto authorize the Territory to form a State is no constitutional ground of objection to the ssion of such State, that the Constitution thus formed either admits or excludes Slavery. If it be true that Mr. Douglas wrote this esolution, and sent it by the hand of a friend to the Cincinnati Convention for private circulation among the Southern delegates, the facts should be known. If we mistake not, the Free-Trader is one of the few papers in Mississippi which undertake to apologize for Mr. Daugias, and it may be that this resolution is er hostility of the South towards him. It will

Slavery from their limits, by any fair I answer emphatically, as Mr. Lincoln stamp in Illinois, that, in my opinion, the per Territory can, by lawful means, exclude lafore it comes in as a State. [Cheers.] Mr. Lincoln knew that I had given that answe ka bill, on that principle, all over the end to have any doubt upon that subject as to the abstract question whether Sla- than a hundred slaves. a Territory have the lawful means it it or exclude it as they please, for ason that Slavery cannot exist a day or an where unless supported by local police ous, furnishing remedies and means of orcing the right to hold slaves. Those local nd police regulations can only be furnished by the local Legislature. If the people of the Tertory are opposed to Slavery, they will elect I adopt legislative measures friendly to Sla-Supreme Court on that abstract

order of Mr. Letcher at that time, that he the future State of Kansas. 1s said to have insisted upon the separation of western Virginia from the eastern portion of the State, in order to insure the triumph of ern Citizen says:

he charge of abolitionism against the opposiion Whigs and Americans, on the ground that hey and their candidate, Mr. Goggin, supported the other." mmers in 1851, who in 1832 gave utterence to the following radical abolition sentiments -It will not be denied that the slave, as a

erificed. Common sense and justice would rendered and never alienated-a right paraate at once the policy of neutrality on that mount to all conventional guaranties or civil compacts.
"The right to the increase of slaves belong

different States perfectly free to go for or against protection, as may suit their views and be changed, modified or abridged, by legisla-"I would glory in coming down to lead forth

the oppressed (negroes) from the land of bondage, even through the waves of the Red sea." Robert M. McLane, of Baltimore, was unan the South. We sincerely regret this, but imously confirmed by the Senate on Monday

It is said that Mr. McLane is to leave for the advocates of "free trade in negroes" Vera Cruz immediately, with instructions to are carnest and active. No greater calamity recognise the Constitutional Government, prodefall the South than the revival of the vided it is in condition to maintain its exist-

> Much speculation exists on the question whether there is to be an extra session. The general impression is, that a called session will be necessary. The report that the President will call a session to meet on the first of October is wanting in probability, as that date would only anticipate the regular session by

The Jacksonville (Fla.) Standard says: "The picking up a cargo of white boys and a Previdence, a terrible retribution will follow the revival of the slave trade. It awaits Cuba, and it will yet overtake her in her crimes. No people on earth are so much interested in counteracting the diabolical policy of reopening the lave trade, as the honest and respectable portion of the slaveholders. The reckless demandary is a cargo of black savages and trading them South, is called philanthropy. The picking up a cargo of white boys and girls in the streets of New York and trading them West, is called philanthropy. The picking up a cargo of white boys and girls in the streets of New York and trading them West, is called philanthropy. The picking up a cargo of white boys and girls in the streets of New York and trading them West, is called philanthropy. The picking up a cargo of white boys and girls in the streets of New York and trading them West, is called philanthropy. The picking up a cargo of white boys and girls in the streets of New York and trading them West, is called philanthropy. The picking up a cargo of black savages and trading them West, is called philanthropy. The picking up a cargo of black savages and trading them West, is called philanthropy. The picking up a cargo of black savages and trading them West, is called philanthropy. The picking up a cargo of black savages and trading them West, is called philanthropy. The picking up a cargo of black savages and trading them West, is called philanthropy. The picking up a cargo of black savages and trading them West, is called philanthropy. The picking up a cargo of black savages and trading them South, is called philanthropy. The picking up a cargo of black savages and trading them West, is called philanthropy. it, and then the horrors of it would disappear; and agitators in behalf of free trade in if labor is wanted it will be supplied, and all the for the most part have little to lose, navies of the world cannot prevent its emigra-

The clerks of the Post Office Department are working extra hours, in order to comply with the President's request, for an exhibit, by Thursday, of the several postal routes, the service upon them, and the expenditure upon each. Mr. Dundas, of the contract office, contemplates cutting down the service to the greatest possible extent. Any contract for carrying know that while the Union lasts, repeal is im- the mails may be revoked by the Department,

a majority of the present Cabinet are from the slave States, it is supposed by many that New York may be brought in, in the person of Mr. Corning, or ex-Governor Seymour. The receipts from customs last week at New York were \$600,000. The Treasury balance on the 28th ult. was \$7,500,000.—Balt. Sun.

NEGRO HIRING IN TEXAS.—The old insanity about negro hiring has returned. Droughts, grasshoppers, and hard times generally, seem to have been forgotten, and people rush head-long into reckless extravagance, without reflecthas met with some feeble opposition in that ing that the crop season is yet in the future. The bids offered for negroes last Tuesday exceeded anything of the kind we remember to have witnessed, or even heard of. Old grandmothers—scarcely able to do more than feed chickens and keep babies out of the fire—hired ther have the courage and patriotism to accept for figures ranging from \$150 to \$160 per year; boys and girls, aged from ten to fourteen years, brought respectively one hundred and sixty, one hundred and seventy, and one hundred and eighty dollars; whilst grown men and women realized from two hundred to two hundred and seventy-five dollars. This, when we remember that the hirer is to pay all expenses, looks more like selling than hiring .- Bastrop Advertiser.

POLITICAL INTELLIGENCE

SLAVERY IN NEW MEXICO.-The following eppean) gives us a new leaf in the history of item of news is worthy of the special attention | 95% for account. Douglas. It states, upon what is regarded as of those who advise the abandonment by the reliable authority, that he was the author of the Republican party of the old well-settled policy

> "The mail received from Santa Fe bring a copy of stringent laws passed by the Legisla-ture of New Mexico, to protect property in slaves, and totally prohibiting emancipat

The Republicans have carried their ticket at the municipal election in Chicago, by a thou-

The Opposition Convention which met at Alexandria (Va.) last week nominated Henry which is regarded as property in a State; but W. Thomas, Esq., of Fairfax, to represent the Congressional district in the next House of a, lawfully ascertained, to entitle it to one Representatives. It seems that Ex-Governor of the home forces is considered indicative of Smith, the present member, has or will have Democratic opposition; and in that event, Mr. Constitution, republican in its form, preparatory
to admission into the Union as a State, and that
city as a gentleman of talents and character,

The Savannah Republican, the leading Opposition paper of Georgia, nominates the following ticket for 1860: For President, James H. Hammond, of S. C.; for Vice President, Rufus

SLAVERY IN MISSOURI - A GOOD MOVE-MENT.—The citizens of Barton county, which lies in the southwestern part of Missouri, coning, "African cotton is no myth. A vessel tiguously to Dade county, both of which have has just arrived from Lagos, with 607 bales on Daugias, and it may be that this resolution is recently begun to be settled, and in the former board, on native account. Several hundred no v for the first time published or credited to of which are but few slaves, while in the latter board, on native account, Several hundred se Illinois Senator, in order to soften the bit. are many, have sent in a petition to the Legis- year.' be seen that the resolution is in point-blank case to engage in an honorable strife with their of native African industry and commerce, we neighbors of Dade county in the race of im-The next question Mr. Lincoln propounded provement and prosperous enterprise. Have use is: Can the people of a Territory exwe not here a foreshadowing of what we may we are ope at no distant period to see and hear of all

along the border of the slave States? We trust that this exercise of "popular sovhas heard me answer a hundred times, on every, ereignty," on the part of counties in the slave States, will be allowed as legitimate by the "Democracy." There are scores of counties in Missouri, which, with this right conceded to and over again. He heard me argue the them, could easily free themselves from the last vestige of Slavery. The same is true of all the land from Abbeokuta, since 1851, is 276,235 Southern States, and above all of Virginia. tever the Supreme Court may hereafter de- At least twenty counties of that State have less

> The Wheeling Intelligencer says: "From what we now know, we feel amply justified in saying that there is a very strong probability that the National Opposition Convention of 1860 will be held in Wheeling."

"DEMOCRACY" IN KANSAS.—The Black Democracy have carried the county of Wyandott, Legislature who will adopt un- in Kansas, in a late election for county officers, cally legislation to it. If they are for it, they by about sixty majority. Wyandott is a small county in population, immediately on the Missouri border; and how much the victors are inquestion, still the right of the people to make it debted to their old arts of ruffian invasion and slave Territory or a free Territory is perfect fraudulent voting, we are unable to say. But, in any point of view, the fact is significant, and he will deem my answer satisfactory should be a warning to the Republicans. The leaders of the triumphant " Democracy " in the county are said to have been Free-State men in racy. or, we should rather say, Slavocracy, have past times; but we have no faith in any man's hominated John Letcher for Governor, who so professions of love for Freedom, who is willing to take upon himself the foul stigma of "De-Slavery movement of the age, and mocracy," as that term is popularly understood, s zeal in the cause by addressing a especially in Kansas. Should the sham Deciation at Lexington in behalf of mocracy, in any of its phases, whether Douglas as well as by aiding and encouraging or anti-Douglas, get the control in the Territory, Mr. Ruffner in the publication of his they will inevitably introduce Slavery, or rather phlet on that subject. So warm was they will inevitably retain it, and engraft it upon

A South Carolina correspondent of the South-

"Know Nothingism never swept over the North quicker or more irresistibly than Revival is doing here. The only difference in the two phenomena as to their popularity is the permanence of one and the lemporary character of

POLITICAL.-Four State elections will take place this spring, viz: New Hampshire, March 8: Connecticut, April 3; Rhode Island, April living man, has a right to assert and regain his liberty if he can. He has a right to direct and control his own actions, a right never surmembers to the next Congress,

1. In each of these ican squadron under the treaty of Washington, previous to September last, was twenty, of which six were condemned. control his own actions, a right never sur members to the next Congress,

FOREIGN SUMMARY. LATER FROM EUROPE. - New York, March 6.

The stamer Jura has arrived, with Liverpool advices of the 18th ult. The proceedings of the British Parliament have been uninteresting. The war question is unchanged, and preparations for hostilities still continue to be made.

Vague and unconfirmed rumors of a new

French loan of £20,000,000 sterling are in cir-Later accounts from India say that the camaign in Oude had closed, and all the forts ere had been destroyed.

In the House of Lords, the state affairs of the Ionian Islands claimed attention. The Earl of Camarm said that the various documents which

had appeared in the papers were perfectly au-The Earl of Derby deprecated a partial dis-cussion of the matter at the present time, and,

at his suggestion, the subject was dropped.

In the House of Commons, Mr. Lever took his seat for Galway, and Mr. Salomons for Greenwich, the latter taking the oaths according to the Jewsish custom.

Mr. Duncombe gave notice that he would move that the resolution permitting Jews to take seats, and omitting the words in the oaths, "on the faith of a Christian," be made the

standing order. France. - The article for which La Presse received a warning from the Government is of precisely the same tenor as those which it had en publishing for weeks, and the general supquotations were 68 for money, and 67f. 90c. for Parliament. ecount.

The late disastrous failure at Orleans was said to extend to 12,000,000 francs. M. De Lessurs left Paris on the 15th, for Alexandria, for the express purpose of commencing

the Suez canal. Sardinia.—The Paris correspondent of the Times asserts on trustworthy grounds that the King of Sardinia is determined on making the attempt to drive out the Austrians, with the object of constituting for himself a kingdom strong enough to resist Austria on the one hand, and France on the other; and that it will comprise Venice, and at least 12,000,000

An absolute certainty is felt at the Court of Turin that France will help Piedmont against Austria, and that Russia will be passive if Austria be left to fight alone, but actively and openly if any other Power assist Austria. England and Prussia are expected to be neutral. The above is asserted to be the deliberate olan of the King of Sardinia and his Cabinet,

and nothing but the withdrawal of France will divert him from it.

Turkey.—The news from the Danubian Prinipalities is considered of a serious character, and it is feared that complications may arise in that quarter, which may be more difficult to deal with than the affairs in Italy.

Liverpool, Feb. 18.—Cotton—Sales of the last two days 20,000 bales. The market is steady and prices firm. New Orleans middling 7d. The Manchester advices are favorable. Breadstuffs .- The market is very dull. Richdson, Spence, & Co., quote market dull and

sales unimportant.

Provisions.—The market is quiet but steady. Lard is dull, but prices firm—quoted at 60s.

Produce.—Sugar is steady. Coffee is dull.

Rice is quiet. Rosin is dull at 4s. 9d. @ 4s. 10d. Spirits turpentine closed firm at 40s. (a) 41s.

London Markets.—Sugar is quiet and steady. Coffee is quiet; prices are easier, but quotations unchanged. Consols 951 (@ 95% for money, and 95% (@

STILL LATER .- New York, March 7 .- The steamer Europa arrived here this afternoon,

The latest continental rumors were more war like. It was reported that a camp of 100,000 The Paris and Vienna correspondence abound in warlike rumors. Military movements con-

tinue active. Napoleon's intentions are said to be certainly in favor of war. The Paris Bourse closed steady at 68 for three per cent.

The English House of Commons have passed resolution in favor of a seven million loan. The English army estimates show a reduc-tion of the home and colonial forces of 7,500 men, and an increase of the forces in India, of W. Thomas, Esq., of Fairfax, to represent the 14,000 men. The total force is 229,000 men, of which 106,000 are for India. The reduction the Government's faith in the maintenance of

> Rumors of Ministerial changes are in circulation, including the retirement of the Lord Chancellor, and Sir E. Lytton Bulwer. Sardina, it is stated, has established two regi-

nents for the purpose of enrolling in them the Hon. J. Glancy Jones was received at Vienna on the 14th

Cotton had advanced 1. Breadstuffs and AFRICAN FREE LABOR COTTON .- A few days

In order to afford our readers some idea of glance. We have only to observe that we are indebted to Mr. Thomas Clegg, of Man chester, for these interesting particulars, and that the quantities ordered have been obtained from Abbeokuta alone. He is about to extend the field of his operations. Four Europeans have gone out, expressly to trade in native cotton; and several London houses, encouraged by the success which has attended Mr Clegg's experiment, are about to invest largely in the same traffic. The quantity of raw cot

	Bas	s, or	Pounds.	
1851-'52		9		1,810
1853		37		4,617
1854		7		1,588
1855		14		1,651
1856		103		11,492
1857		283		35,419
1858	. 1	.819		220,099

ton which has already been imported into Eng-

that time, the presses and other machinery sent out have been got into full work, and the quantity of the raw staple in stock has rapidly accumulated, the bulk shipped being on "native account." Each hag or bale weighs about 120 pounds. Let it be borne in mind, that the whole of this quantity has been collected, all the labor performed, and the responsibility borne, by native Africans! while the cost of pro duction, Mr. Clegg informs us, does not exceed one halfpenny per pound in the end. It can be laid down in England at about 4d. a pound, and sells at from 7d. to 9d .- London Anti-Sia

THE AFRICAN SLAVE TRADE .- Washington March 2.—The President, in replying to the call of the House for information concerning the African slave trade, says the instructions given to the commander of the squadron are such that seizures are not likely to be made, except under circumstances which would at least insure a certificate of probable cause, if they did not authorize condemnation.

The object of the Government has been to arrest, as far as practicable, vexatious interrup-tion of lawful commerce. The only instance at present known to the Department, in which an officer capturing a slaver or suspected slaver on the coast of Africa has been sued or otherwise embarrassed by the owners, officers, or wise embarrassed by the owners, or agents, of the captured vessels, is that of Commander Simmons, who captured the brig Casket. In his case, no damages appeared to have been recovered against him, and the expenses incurred by him in defending the suit were refunded to him under an act of Congress passed

There is now a fear that the diplomatic part of our Paraguay expedition will fail, and the the dispute, though one very proper to be made by that Government, and to be accepted by this, cannot be now availed of. It is too late. Were it now accepted by this Government, instruc-tions to that effect could not reach Judge Bowlin for some weeks. The next thing we may hear of will probably be the attack of our steam-

the three mouths. Rev. Mr. Spurgeon has abandoned his con-Austria agrees to send a representative to the Paris Conference, provided that England and Russia will guaranty that the Italian question shall not be discussed.

The funds closed firmer.

Rev. Mr. Spurgeon has abandoned his completed trip to America, certainly for present year. So says a London paper.

Recently, at Montevideo, whilst a Fred frigate was returning an American salute.

Recently, at Montevideo, whilst a French frigate was returning an American salute, one of the gunners had his arm blown off. As soon as the fact was known in the American squad ron, a subscription for him was started, which produced, among ten ships, the very handsome sam of \$1,400. The French Admiral acknowledged with many thanks the gift to the seaman.

Captain Kirch, of the brig Frances Jane, from Mayaguez, and Staples, of schooner Mo hawk, from Ponce, P. R., report that a Spanish parque from the coast of Africa, with 850 negroe on board, while attempting to effect a landing, had gone ashore about the 6th ultimo, on a reef on the last end of the island, and went to pieces, and it was reported that the captain of the slaver had committed suicide. The authorities immediately dispatched a Government steamer to her, but she had not returned at the time of the departure of the above vessels.

Mr. W. S. O'Brien is a tall, athletic gentleposition was, that the measure was taken on the representations of the Austrian Ambassador. The naming had a good effect on the Bourse. The warmth for which the Emerald Isle is cele-The rentes on the 17th advanced nearly 2, but the rise was not fully sustained. The closing able power in debate when he was a member of

DOMESTIC SUMMARY.

The theatre at Utica, in New York, was destroyed by five early on Sunday morning last. It was a pretty little edifice, costing from eighteen to twenty thousand dollars. It had en occupied the night previous by a pantomime troupe, and it was closed by the man having charge of it about twelve o'clock. The inference is, that by an accident fire was communicated to some of the scenery or trappings in the dressing-room.

Richard Randolph, a cousin of John Randolph, of Roanoke, died in Miami township, Ohio, on the 31st of January. The deceased who was as eccentric as his more celebrated cousin, was an old bachelor, and had resided on the Randolph tract, Ohio, for twenty-five years. He leaves a property, mostly in land, valued at \$80,000, to be expended in the purchase of the slaves now owned in the Randolph family.

The number of American sea-going vessels reported during the last month as missing, wrecked, or otherwise lost, amounts to 30 of al classes, namely: 1 steamer, 2 ships, 6 barques, 8 brigs, and 13 schooners. Of these, 4 were abandoned, 4 are missing, 17 wrecked, 3 sunk, and 2 burnt.

A meeting was held in Richmond, Va., on Saturday last, to devise a plan for the establishment of a Picture Gallery. A number of the most enterprising citizens led the movement. The paintings of the Historical Society are to be put into the new Gallery, and good copies of others will be obtained from Europe, with as little delay as possible.

George P. Bond, son of the late eminent astron omer, has been appointed by the corporation of Harvard College to succeed his father as direct-or of the Cambridge observatory. He has for several years filled the station of assistant at the

Advices from New York say that the lat United States five per cent. loan certificates sold at private sale on Wednesday for 103, and that the demand was greater than the supply.

in that vicinity has been unusually large this a law for submitting the question of hold year. The ice-houses are filled, and a large quantity of surplus ice is stacked.

MISS DIX, THE PHILANTHROPIST.-Miss Dix. of world-wide renown for her benevolence and practical philanthropy in the alleviation of suf-fering humanity, says the Recorder, has lately been in Milledgeville, Georgia. She spent about a week with Dr. Green, the able physician and efficient superintendent of the Lunatic Asylum. She expressed herself greatly pleased at the noble effort of the State for the relief of this class of unfortunates. The building, with its internal improvements, she considers a model—the very best in the Southern States, and compares favor ably with any in the Union.

The Museum of the Louvre has purchased another Murillo from the Spanish gallery of the late Marshal coult, for 300,000 francs. It is a Birth of the Holy Virgin," to which connois seurs give the preference over Murillo's "Ascen sion of the Virgin," which had been bought by

HUNG BY A DEAD MAN .- The Cincinnat Gazette says that on Saturday night last, a body snatcher who had stolen a corpse from a grave-yard in the neighborhood of that city, which he had placed in a bag, was hung, while endeavor ing to get over a high fence, the corpse falling on one side and the body-snatcher on the other having placed around his shoulders the cord by which the sack was shut, and the cord slipng about his neck, choking him to death.

A state census of Texas, just taken, shows a

population of 458,620, against 212,492 in the year 1850, when Iowa had but 192,000, though Edward Everett has paid to the treasurer of

the Mount Vernon fund, up to the present day, \$60.893.81.

The leading members of Congress, of all po litical parties, have united in tendering a com-plimentary dinner to the Hon. Alexander H. ephens, on his retirement from the House of Representatives, in which he has served since 1843. Mr. Stephens returns his thanks, but

Speaking of the closing scenes of the late Congress, it is said that Mr. Cobden and Mr. Smith O'Brien, who were present, must have had a fine opportunity of looking at the practical working of our Government machine in the Legislative department. All the avenues to the Capitol were thronged with the active agents and seekers of special laws for interested parties, and there was so much noise and confusion was really adopted or rejected.

A young lady of Newburyport, who, in comoany with another lady, a few days since, wished to go from Lowell to Lawrence, preferred skates and the Merrimac to the cars and railroad, and made the passage of ten miles in forty minutes. For some portion of the way there was a strong head wind, or the feat might have been accom-

A "Bearded Ball" was recently given at Chicago, at which no gentleman was admitted vithout some hairy honor to his face. The Ghio officials estimate the population of

that State at 2,300,000, just about the figures which were given for Pennsylvania in 1850. Preparations have been made in New York to give the Neapolitan exiles, now on their voyage from Cadiz, an honorable reception and re-lief. They will be received by a delegation from

Italian citizens, but there will be no procession. The Indian Bureau has received no information from the Government agents, tending to confirm the report of the Mohave Indian diffi-

the vessels are in good condition. The officers and crews were healthy, except those of the St. Louis. That vessel had lost her gunner on the passage out, and had fifteen on the sick list.

Mr. Bowen, the African missionary and explorer, identified the "corn songs" of the natives of Africa with the negro melodies which are so widely known and popular in our country. It is remarkable that the only music which has been thought purely American in its origin, thus appears to have been brought over centuries ago from Africa, in the pestilential hold of the slave-ship!

Slavery intrement and advocate.

For thirty years he was a professor gion, and an active member of the limit this place. The clos of his last brief sickness were calm as full, and he died with a firm hope of the control of the slave-ship!

Champtain, N. Y., Feb. 14, 1859. Mr. Bowen, the African missionary and ex-

EASTERN SHORE RAILROAD. -The stockholdof our Paraguay expedition will fail, and the military wing of the same will be, if it has not already been, called into action. The offer of the Government of Brazil to act as mediator in subscribed. Isaac D. Jones, William W. Johnson, Jehu Parsons, Dr. Cathell Humphreys, and Samuel S. Costen, the directors. subscquently met, and unanimously elected Hon. John W. Cristfield, President. The board then adjourned, to meet at Salisbuay on the 26th

ers, with the Dahlgreen guns, on the fort above THE McDonogh ESTATE.—The sale of that portion of the McDonogh estate belonging to Oats, Maryland and Virginia the city of New Orleans, and embraced within Oats, Pennsylvania the limits of the second district, took place in that city on the 23d ult., and produced the handsome amount of \$189,270. It had been appraised at only 135,000.

Oats, Pennsylv Clover Seed Timothy Seed Hay, Timothy Hops

> The Cheraw (S. C.) Gazette gives the followng: "One of the stationed preachers in Charlesn states that the colored portion of his congregation pay one third of the expenses of his church — their contributions amounting to \$1,500 per annum; and that the colored persons attached to the four Methodist Episcopal Churches in that city contribute annually about \$1,000 to missions.
>
> In the lower House of the Legislature of Indi-

ana, a majority of the Committee on Rights and Privileges reported a bill for repealing the ex-isting law which makes negroes and mulattees incompetent as witnesses in all cases where a white person is a party. The bill was rejected with very little ceremony, by a vote of yeas 65, A BRIEF HISTORY OF FOUR BANK CLERKS .-

writer in the New York Tribune states that in the winter of 1854-'5, four young bank clerk used to meet for euchre playing alternately their residences in Brooklyn. These meeting continued pleasantly for a while, the party keeping early hours, and no gambling being allowed. A year later the party was, not reor ganized, but met accidentally on Christmas eve at a raffle in Brooklyn. The downward pat was already entered upon. The results sum us as follows: One of the young men is travellin in Europe, his bondsmen having paid \$3,00 for him, in which sum he was in default at th bank where he was employed. Another is in Sing Sing prison for forgery. The third is Os car S. Field, the recent defaulter in Brooklyn and now wandering with the mark of Cain upon his brow—the murderer of his own peace and of the happiness of his family. The fourth communicates these facts, and concludes

story thus: "And as the latter casts a glance over th past, a shudder creeps through his frame as h hinks over the fate of his companions, an thanks a merciful God that saved him from th abyss into which he had almost plunged hi

"There were other bank clerks among th party, and ere long their defalcations musums which they could not have come by ho

EIGHTEEN SLAVES MANUMITTED BY THEI OWNER.—The entire number of slaves employe on the plantation of Mr. Robert Barnett, of Lin coln county, Kentucky, were brought to th probate court on Wednesday, at Cincinnati, their owner, who executed the deeds of their emancipation. It is stated that he was offere \$20,000 for them on the previous day, but re jected the offer, with the remark that he would not take \$50,000, the motive influencing hi being of a higher character than that of gain

IMPORTATION OF AFRICANS.—A letter from Texas states that six hundred slaves, from Af-

LARGE SALE OF NEGROES .- On Wednesday last, in Savannah, Georgia, the first day of the auction, two hundred and thirty negroes were sold, at an average of \$660. At Clarkesville, Virginia, last week, thirty-eight were sold, at an average of \$771.18.

INDIANA LEGISLATURE.—Indiana, March 5. ing a Constitutional Convention to the people at the next October election, Also, an ac directing the commissioners of the sinking fund to purchase from four to five hundred thousand dollars worth of 5 and 2½ per cent. Indiana stocks, at New York prices. A bill increasing the number of branches of the State Bank failed for want of a constitutional majority. The Leg-islature adjourned finally on Monday.

MORE GOLD HUNTING .- St. Louis, March 5. A Leavenworth commission house of this city received from the Clear Creek diggings, near Long's Peak, a nugget of gold, slightly inter-mingled with quartz, weighing fifty dollars. The person who consigned it as a specimen, writing under date of February 9, expressed himself as entirely satisfied with his success thus far, and the prospects for the future. Clear Creek is a tributary to the South Platte river. This city is thronged with parties bound for the

Dr. Daniel Lee, many years editor of the Southern Cultivator, and now occupying the responsible post of the Terrell Professorship in the Georgia University, is advocating the reopening of the slave trade in public letters, published in the Constitutionalist, (Augusta.) Dr. Lee, says the Southern Citizen, is a Northerner by birth; and it is a fact worth noting, that hitherto the ablest, most thorough, and laborious apostles of Slavery have been Northern men. It is enough to mention Fletcher (Studies of Stavery,) and Sawyer Southern Institutes.) Those Northerners are truly a

THE SLAVE TRADE .- The Southern Mercuri Wedowee, Ala.) finishes an article entitled the Progress of Opinion with these words: "We do not despair of seeing the time when it will be as lawful to bring a cargo of Africans to Alabama as it now is to bring a drove of horses."

IMPORTS OF DRY GOODS .- The imports o dry goods at the port of New York for the four weeks ending on Saturday last are \$4,958,003 greater than for the corresponding four weeks of last year, \$1,990,406 less than for the same period of 1857, and \$3,101,601 greater than for

the same period of 1856.

The total imports of foreign day goods at the same port since January 1st is now \$12,668,466 in excess of the corresponding total for last year, only \$1,800,275 less than for the same AUCTION SALE OF WOOL AT BOSTON .- BOSTON

ton, Feb. 25 .- The great sale of wool by auc in the House of Representatives, that it was difficult to tell what was going on, and what the sales brisk, including 300,000 pounds methe sales brisk, including 300,000 pounds medium, and 100,000 pounds fine quality; 2,500 pounds Modagare were sold at 18½ (23§; 375,000 California fleece at 21½ (35½; 27,000 pounds black tub-washed at 28½ (23½; 24,000 pounds Maine at 41 (253; a lot of Vermont double extra at 51 (251½; New York at 461 (252). York pulled at 461 @ 531; Western and Ohio pulled at 18 @ 411; 5,000 pounds fine Vermont at 481; 30,000 pounds New York and New Hampshire selected fleege at 551 (a. 57 44,000 pounds Ohio and Pennsylvania fancy at 57 (a 641; other small iots were also sold, the aggregate sales amounting to \$200,000.

Died in Champlain, N. Y., February 9th, NOADIAH MOORE, Esq., aged 71 years. Being liberally educated, of enlarged liberal views, and with a heart that sympathized warmly in every movement that promised to promote the material, intellectual, social, moral, or religious interest of society. His death is truly a public loss, which is widely felt, and not easily supplied.

To the valuable educational privilege which the place enjoys, he was a liberal contributor. In the Temperance cause he was from the be ginning an aident and fearless laborer. In heart and from principle strongly averse to in justice and oppression in every form, the Anti-Slavery movement early found in him a ready and efficient friend and advocate. For thirty years he was a professor of reli-gion, and an active member of the Presbyte-tian church in this place. The closing days

of his last brief sickness were calm and peace-ful, and he died with a firm hope of a blissful

MARKETS. BALTIMORE MARKET.

Carefully prepared to Tuesday, March 8, 1850 Flour, Howard Street -\$6.25 (a) 6.37 6.12 Rye Flour -Corn Meal -4.62 Wheat, white - -1.85 Wheat, red -1.50 Corn, white Corn, Yellow . Rve. Pennsylvania Rve, Virginia -Timothy Seed -2.25 Bacon, Shoulders Bacon, Sides . Pork, Prime . Lard, in barrels Wool, Washed -Wool, Pulled -Wool, Fleece, common Wool, Fleece, fine -Wool, Choice Merino Butter, Western, in kegs Coffee, Java - . .

			*			
NE	W	YORK	M	ARE	ET.	
Carefully p						859.
Flour, State by	ran	ds -			\$5.60 (
Flour, State b	ran	ds, extr	a		6.30	6.76
Flour, Wester	n		•		6.25	6.60
Flour, Souther	n				6.20	6.70
Rye Flour					3.75	4.30
Corn Meal					3.70	3.80
Wheat, white					1.55	1.80
Wheat, red					1.48	1.50
Corn, white					00	
Corn, yellow					86	87
Rye -					93	95
Oats -		*				
Clover Seed					57 10.50	00.00
Timothy Seed					2.12	2.25
Hay -					65	70
Hops -					14	18
Bacon, Should	der	8 -			61	7
Bacon, Sides					9	10
Bacon, Hams					81	
Pork, Mess					17.78	17.95
Pork, Prime			i	- 2	13.00	13.10
Beef -					8.00	9.50
Lard, in barre	ls	*			113	12
Lard, in kegs					13	13
Butter, Wester	rn				11	20
Butter, State					15	27
Cheese -					8	11
Coffee, Rio					113	00
Coffee, Java					14	14
Wool, Unwash Wool, Washed Wool, Pulled	hed				00	00
Wool, Washed	d				00	00
Wool, Pulled					00	00
Wool, Fleece,	co	mmon			00	00
Wool, Fleece.	fin	e .			00	00
Iron, Scotch,	Pig				29.00	00.00
Lime, Rocklan	nd				65	
Lime, commo	n				1.00	00
POR	TR/	IT OF	D	R RA	ILEY	
A large Lithog						the N

tional Era will shortly be published by Charles H. Brainard, of Boston. The Drawing will be executed by rica, have been brought into that State within D'Avignon, the best Littographic Artist in the United the last few weeks, and that more are soon ex-States, from an original Photograph by McClees, of Washington City.

On receipt of One Dollar, a copy of the above Picture will be sent, Free of Postage, to any part of the United ful spring of woes unnumbered "-Prof North Address Lewis Clephane, Washington City, or Charles

dore Parker, R. W. Emerson, Charles Sumner, Salmon P Chase, and John P. Hale, which will be furnished on the same terms as the Portrait of Dr. Bailey. Orders for mond, Senator of South Carolina.

ADVERTISING NOTICE.

at on, held at New Branswick, on May 13th, S. M. PET-TINGILL & Co., 119 Nassau street, and JOY, COE, & Co.. Tribune Buildings, New York, were appointed the sole and exclusive Adver ising Agents in that city for the element of good humor. Were I a Cathone, I should insist upon Saints Grover and Baker having an eleminate the control of the cathone of the c to announce the fact of their appointment. Persons wishing to advertise in the New Jersey Jaurnah will piease call at either of the above-named agencies.

N. B.—Business men can have their advertisements nserted in the newspapers of any State of the Union, by

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PROCURES PATENTS, And attends to all business usually required to be transacted with the Patent Office. PATENT Inventions have become so numerous as to make it difficult to describe any new one se clearly

as not to interfere with some of those already patented and no person at a distance from the Patent Office car do the business so well as and an the snot, having con-stant access to the models, drawings, and records of the stant access to the models, drawings, and records of the Office.

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REFERENCES:

Hon. C. T. James, U. S. Schate.

Hon. C. T. James, U. S. Senate.
Hon. P. Allen, U. S. Senate.
Hon. C. Mason, Commissioner of Patents.
Hon. H. B. Anthony, Ex-Governor of Rhode Island.

THE HUMAN HAIR.—How many persons abuse BURNETT'S COCOAINE.

BURNETT'S COCOAINE.

BURNETT'S COCOAINE. The canro For efficacy and sgreentleness, it is without

I promotes its healthy and vigorous grouth I is not greasy or sticky. I leaves no disagreeable odor. I softens the hair when hard and dry. It souther the trritated scalp sken. It of fords the ri kest lastre. It remains longest in effect. It costs lifty cents for a half-pint bottle.

> BURNETT'S COCOAINE. BURNETT'S COCOAINE. BURNETT'S COCOAINE. TESTIMONIAL

By the advice of my physician, to whom you had

shown your process of pur lying the Oil, a commenced its use the last week in Jung. The first application all syed the itching and fritistion; in three or four a use he redecas and a adequess disappear, d—the hair ceased to fall, and I have now a thick growth of new hair. I trust that others, 'imitally a fflicted, will be induced to try the SUSAN R POPE Yours, very truly, BURNETT'S COCOAINE. BURNETT'S COCOAINE. BURNETT'S COCCAINE.

PREMATURE LOSS OF THE HAIR, which is PREMATURE LOSS OF THE HAIR, which is so common new-a days, may be envirely prevented by the use of Expands to come. It has been used in thousands of cases where the hair was coming out in handsful, and has never failed to arrest its ceeay, and to promote a heilthy and vigorors growth. It is, at the same time, unrivalled as a dressing for the hair. As ngle application will render it soft and glossy for several days. 635

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facility, and without special adjustment. As evidence of the unquestioned superiority of their Machines, the GROVER & BAKER SEWING MACHINE COM-PANY beg leave to respectfully refer to the following

TESTIMONIALS. " Having had one of Grover & Baker's Ma-"Having had one of Grover & Baker's Machines in my family for nearly a year and a half, I take pleasure in commending it as every way reliable for the parpose for which it is designed—Family Sewing."—Mrs. Joshua in a year, she was brought to the very gales of designed, with the spasmodic form of that iterible d I consulted numerious physicians of the highest commending it as every way reliable for the parpose for which it is designed—Family Sewing."—Mrs. Joshua in a year, she was brought to the very gales of designed which is the part of th

which has been in my family for many manths. It has always been ready for duty, requiring no adjustment, and is easily adapted to every variety of family sewing, by simply changing the spools of thread."—Mrs. Elizabeth Strickland, wife of Rev. Dr. Strickland, Editor of N Y. "After trying several different good machines, I pre-

ferred yours, on account of its simplicity, and the perfect case with which it is managed, as well as the strength and durability of the seam. After long experience, I feel competent to speak in this manner, and to confidently recommend it for every variety of family sewins."—Mrs. E. B. Spooner, wife of the Editor of Brooklya Star. "I have used a GROVER & BAKER Sowing Machine for two years, and have four d it adapted to all kinds of fam-

ily sewing, from Cambric to Broadcioth. Garments have been worn out without the giving way of a stitch. The Machine is easily kept in order, and easily used."-Mrs A. B. Whipple, wife of Rev Geo. Whipple, New York. "Your Sewing Machine has been in use in my family the past two years, and the ladies request me to give you

their testimonials to its perfect adapteduess.

iabor-saving qualities in the performance of family at household sewing."—Robert Boorman, New York. "For several months we have used Grover & Baker's ving Machine, and have come to the conclusion that every lady who desites her sewing beautifully and quickly done, would be most fortunate in possessing one of these reliable and indefatigable 'iron needle women,' whose combined qualities of beauty, strength, and simplicity, at invaluable."-J. W. Morris, daughter of Gen. Geo. P. Mo ris, Editor of the Home Journal.

Extract of a letter from Thos. R. LEAVETT, Esq., a American gentleman, now a resident in Sidney, New South Wales, dated January 12, 1858: 'I had a tent made in Melbourne, in 1853, in which here were over three thousand yards of sewing done

w th one of Grover & Baker's Machines, and a single

seam of that has outstood a'l the double seams sewed "If Homer could be called up from his murky hades he would sirg the advent of Grover & Baker as a more benignant miracle of art than was ever Valena's smithy He would denounce midnight shirt making as the dire

H. Brainard, Boston, Massachusetts.

N. B.—C. H. Brainard has published Portraits of Theo-Baker Sewing Machines have more than sustained in

> one of the b st labor-saving machines that has been in vented. I take much pleasure in recommending it to t

manity."-Cassius M. Clay. can be adapted, from he finest cambric to the leavie cassinere. It sews stronger, faster, and more beautifully

easily understood and kept in repair. I carne ily recor mend this Machine to all my acquaintances and other

" We find this Machine to work to our satisfaction, at with pleasure recommend it to the public as we belie-

ry care, I will wager they will last one three wore year and ten, and never get out of fix, "-John Krakine, Nasi "I have knd your Machine for several wee

"I use my Machine upon coats, dress-making, and fin en stitching, and the work is admirable - far bette tash the best hand sewing, or any other machine I have ever seen."—Lucy B. Thompson, Nashville, Tean,

have ever seen made either by hand or machine, and regard the Grover & Baker Machine as one of the great

nost beautiful that ever was mad." - Maggie dimi

"I have one of Grover & Baker - Sewing Machine's fidently recommend it to all persons in want of a machine."—G. T. Thompson, Nashville, Tenn. "I take pleasure in certifying to the utility of the Gre

ker Machine for a large amount, could I not replace i of twenty young ladies. We with pleasure recomments the Grover & Baker Sewing Muchine to be the best of

most every description of work for months, and find i much stronger and better in every re pect then work

use,"-N. Stillman, & Co., Memphis, Term. "The Grover & Baker Sewing Machine works ada rably. I think the stitch and work far superior to that o any Sewing Machine I ever saw. On face work, I think phis, Tenn.

"I find the Machine easily managed, very durable, an

take pleasure in recommending it to all who wish convenience, economy, and pleasure."—Mrs. F. Taus. Men. such satisfaction that we cherful y recommend them ill who wish a good and substantial Sewing Machine

Baker's Sewing Machine, and of the perfect satisfac on it gives in every respect. It sews neatly, and is b o means complicated, and I prefer it to all others I has

nely tran any other machine I have seen "-Mrs R. B

ossessing all the advantages you claim for it. My wife very much pleased with it, and we take pleasure i "It gives me pleasure to find the Grover & Baker Sew

ing Machine giving so much satisfaction. I have it is

the most simple and durable machine in use, and I heart-ily recommend it "-F. M. White Memphis, Teor. of Spwing Machines, I feel free to say that the Grover & Baker Machines are far superior to all others in use."—

"I consider my Sewing Mactaine invaluable, and would not take five times its cost, if I could not supply its place With it I can do all my family sewing in about one-fourth the time I could with my hands ?—M. J. Scott, Nashvil e.

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PREPARED from a German recipe, obtained by the late Jonas Whitcomb, in Europe. It is well known to be ve alleviated this disorter in his case, when she other appliances of medical skill had been the in oned by him in despair. In no case of purely 8 shims the character has it failed to give immediate relied, and it has decided many permanent cures. Within the 1st two years this reantly has been used in thousands of case, with as emishing and uniform success. It contributes the poisonous or injurious properties whether, an infanting take it with perfect takey.

The following certificates, from gentlemen of the highest respectability, furnish conclusive evidence of the

ASTHMA.

[Latter from a Lawyer in Newburgport, Mass] in the United States.

[Latter from a Lawyer in Newburgport, Mass]

Newburgport, February 25, 1856.

Dear Sir. It is now acarily twelve months since I see ceived the first bottle of your valuable medic is for the form the store, requiring no re-winding of thread; they Hem, F. II, Gather, and Stitch, in a superior style, finishing each seam by their own operation, without recourse to the hand needle, as is required by other machine:

They will do better and cheaper sewing than a seamstress can, even if she works for one cent an hour, and are unquestionably, the best Machines in the market for family sewing, on account of their simplicity, durability, ease of management, and adaptation to all varieties of family sewing—executing either heavy or fine work with equal facility, and without special adjustment.

[Latter from a Lawyer in Newburgport, Mass]

Newburgport, February 25, 1856.

Dear Sir. It is now acarily twelve months since I see ceived the first bottle of your valuable medic is effect the first bottle of your valuable medic is to the Astiman. For thirteen years I suffered with the Ashima, and carring that time the re-were but few months in which I do not suffer with a parecysm that entirely prostrated me for two or three da s. a.d s.m it may be a see and exposure see doon has any other effect than to slightly restrict the lungs. Your med cine so in dispels that sensation, and I can safely can in general release from the time I took the institute the most active exercise and exposure see doon has any other effect than to slightly restrict the lungs. Your med cine so in dispels that sensation, and I can safely can in general release from the time I took the institute the most active exercise and exposure see doon has any other effect than to slightly restrict the lungs. Your med cine so in dispels that sensation, and I can safely can in general release from the time I took the institute the most active exercise and exposure see doon has any other effect than to slightly restrict the lungs. Your med cine so

ASTHMA.

ASTHMA.

[Letter from a Clergyman.] Wardsboro, Vt., May 12, 1857.

I take great pleasure in stating the wonderful effects of "Whitrown's Rement for the Astrona," on my wifeline has suffeced for years more than my pen can describe, with the spasmodic form of that terribe disease.

any use of the foregoing facts that will benefit the affi ed. Yours, truly, KIMBALL HADLEY Mr. BURNETT. Jonas Whiteomb's Remedy is prepared only by 103. SECH BURNETT & CO., Contral Street, Boston. For

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A COMPOUND remedy, in which we have inhored to produce the most effectual afterstive that can be made. It is a concentrate extract of Pain Sursaparilla, so combined with other substances of still greater afterstive power as to aff rd an effective anisotote for the diseases Sarsaparilla is rejuited to care. It is believed that such a remedy is went of by those who suffer from Strumous complaints, and that one which will accomplish their care must prove of immense service to this large class of our afficient fellow-circens. How completely this compound will do it has acen proven by experiment on many of the worst cases to be found of the following complaints.

Scrofish and Scrofulous Complaints. Eroptions and Eroptive Diseases, Ulcers, Pinapies, Blotches, Tumors, all Khoun Scald Head. Sphilis and Sphiliter Affections, Mercurial Disease thropsy, Neuroliga or The Doutoureut, Debality, Despepsia and Indigestion, Erystopias, Rose of St. Authory's Fire, and indeed the whole class of emplaints arrange from Impurity of the Blood.

This compound will be found a great promoter of health, when taken in the spring, to expell the load humors which fester in the blood at that season of the year. By the timely expulsion of them, many ranking disorders are mipped in the bud. Multitudes can, by the nid of this remedy, spare themselves from the andarance of four druptions and ulcertons sores, through which the system will strive to rio itself of corruptions, if not assiste to do this through the natural channels of the hody by an alterative med cine. Cleanse out the vintated blood whenever you find its impurities bursing through the skin in amples, ruptions, or sores; cleanse it whenever it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when Even where no particular disorders is left, perple enjoy tester health, and live longer, for clea sing the blood. Keep the blood healthy, and all is well; but with this public um of life disardered, there can be no lasting health. Some of later, something mast go wrong, and th

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Massachusetts. Price \$1 per Bottle ; Six Bottles for \$5.